



Handbook on

National Panchayat Awards 2024

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Brief discussion about the National Panchayat Awards (NPA)

History

The concept of local self-government isn't new in India. Panchayats have existed since ancient times, serving as councils of village elders. During British rule, local governance structures were formalized, though with limited powers. After India gained independence in 1947, the need for a robust local self-government system was recognized. The Community Development Program (1952) and the National Extension Service (1953) were early steps toward strengthening Panchayati Raj institutions. The National Panchayat Awards were first introduced in India in 2011. The awards are given annually by the Ministry of Panchayati Raj to recognize the best-performing panchayats (local self-government bodies) in the country. The Deen Dayal Upadhyay Panchayat Sashaktikaran Puraskar (DDUPSP) is awarded to the best performing Panchayats at the district, intermediate, and gram levels across states and union territories (UTs). The award recognizes the good work done by PRIs at each level to improve the delivery of public goods and services.

Background

The 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act of 1992 provided constitutional status to the Panchayati Raj institutions, mandating the establishment of Gram Panchayats as the third tier of governance. A Gram Panchayat typically covers a village or a group of villages. It consists of elected representatives, including a Sarpanch (head) and Panch (members), chosen through local elections. Gram Panchayats have jurisdiction over a defined area, known as a Panchayat circle or Gram Sabha area.

April 24th is celebrated as National Panchayati Raj Day in India to commemorate the historic passing of the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1992, which came into effect on this date in 1993. The day is also used to raise awareness about the importance of local self-governance and to educate the public about the roles and responsibilities of Panchayats. On National Panchayati Raj Day, various events and conferences are held to discuss the role of Panchayati Raj institutions in rural development. Outstanding Panchayats are awarded for their contributions to governance and development. By celebrating April 24th as National Panchayati Raj Day, India acknowledges the pivotal role that Panchayati Raj institutions play in the democratic and developmental processes at the grassroots level. Ministry of Panchayati Raj has been incentivizing best performing Panchayats through National Panchayat Awards. These awards have been revamped and launched during the year 2022 aligning them with 9 Localization of Sustainable Development Goals (LSDGs) themes aggregating 17 SDGs.

The awards assess the panchayats' performance in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The awards also aim to promote a competitive spirit among the panchayats and accelerate the process of achieving the Localization of Sustainable Development Goals (LSDGs) by 2030.

The National Panchayat Awards are also given to Panchayats for their outstanding contributions in other areas, such as:

Objectives

- To bring governance closer to the people, allowing for more responsive and accountable administration.
- To promote social, economic, and cultural development at the village level.
- To ensure active participation of the local community in decision-making processes.
- To oversee the implementation of various government schemes and programs related to health, education, infrastructure, sanitation, and agriculture.
- To provide a platform for resolving minor disputes within the village, fostering harmony and cooperation among residents. Healthy competition among panchayats to achieve higher standards of development.
- To promote the hard work and dedication of panchayat members and local communities in improving their living conditions.
- To providing motivation for other panchayats to strive for better performance and adopt best practices.
- To promoting best practices for highlighting successful models of rural development that can be replicated in other regions.

This structured timeline ensures a transparent, fair, and comprehensive evaluation process, encouraging Panchayats to continuously improve their governance and service delivery.

The National Panchayat Awards in India recognize and incentivize the best-performing Panchayats (village councils) for their exceptional work in different domains. Given annually to **best performing Panchayats** under Incentivization of Panchayats scheme in recognition of their good work for improving delivery of services and public goods

- Awardees selected based on **pre-defined questionnaires and criteria**
- Awards ceremony a part of celebration of **National Panchayati Raj Day (24th April)** – (deferred during elections)
- Awardees are conferred with **trophies, certificates and financial incentives**
- Occasion graced by **Hon'ble President / Hon'ble Prime Minister**
- Awards and Recognition

These awards aim to incentivize good governance practices and foster competition among Panchayats to improve their performance and service delivery.

The central and state governments, through the Ministry of Panchayati Raj, announce the guidelines and criteria for various Panchayat awards for the upcoming year. Detailed information regarding the application process, eligibility criteria, and evaluation metrics is disseminated to Panchayats across the country. These are follows:-

Deen Dayal Upadhyay Panchayat Satat Vikas Puraskar (DDUPSVP)

- **Given to** : 3 Gram Panchayats/Equivalent bodies under each of 9 award themes
- **Basis**: Highest score as per questionnaire (50% minimum qualifying marks) and scrutiny
- **Total awards**: 27 (9 themes * 3 awards in each theme)

Nine themes are as follows:-

- ✚ Poverty free and enhanced livelihoods Panchayat
- ✚ Healthy Panchayat
- ✚ Child friendly Panchayat
- ✚ Water sufficient Panchayat
- ✚ Clean and Green Panchayat
- ✚ Self-sufficient infrastructure in Panchayat
- ✚ Socially secured Panchayat
- ✚ Panchayat with good governance
- ✚ Women-friendly Panchayat

Nanaji Deshmukh Sarvottam Panchayat Satat Vikas Puraskar (NDSPSVP)

- **Given to** : 3 Gram Panchayats, 3 Block Panchayats and 3 District Panchayats
- **Basis**: Highest average score of individual eligible GPs (*or concerned GPs of Block and District Panchayat*) under all 9 themes who have scored minimum 50% marks in each theme
- **Conditions**: (i) Only one award for each State/No State repeated (ii) at least one GP assessed at State/UT level

Special Category of Awards

| Sl.No. | Award | Broad assessment parameter | Awardee | Criteria |
|--------|---|---|----------------|---|
| (i) | Gram Urja Swaraj Vishesh Panchayat Puraskar (GUSVPP) | Adoption and usage of renewable sources of energy | 3 GPs | Highest score as per questionnaire (Minimum 50%) and scrutiny |
| (ii) | Carbon Neutral Vishesh Panchayat Puraskar (CNVPP) | Achieving Net-Zero carbon emissions | 3 GPs | Highest score as per questionnaire (Minimum 50%) and scrutiny |
| (iii) | Panchayat Kshamta Nirmaan Sarvottam Sansthan Puraskar (PKNSSP) | institutional support to GPs | 3 Institutions | Highest score as per questionnaire (Minimum 50%) and scrutiny |

Categories of National Panchayat Awards

| Sl. No. | Category | Description | Award Money (Rs. in crore) | Total No. of National awards and incentive |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| 1 | Deen Dayal Upadhyay Panchayat Satat Vikas Puraskar | Top 3 GPs under each of 9 award themes | First: 1.00 Second: 0.75 Third: 0.50 | 27 GPs (Thematic): Rs.2.25 crore * 9 themes = Rs. 20.25 crore |
| 2 | Nanaji Deshmukh Sarvottam Panchayat Satat Vikas Puraskar | For top 3 best GPs, BPs and DPs with highest average score under all themes combined | (Rank-wise : 1st; 2nd; 3rd) GP: 1.50 ; 1.25 ; 1.00 BP: 2.00; 1.75 ; 1.50 DP: 5; 3; 2 | 3 Best GPs = Rs.3.75 crore ii. 3 Best BPs = Rs.5.25 crore iii. 3 Best DPs = Rs.10.00 crore |
| Special Category of Awards | | | | |
| 3 | Gram Urja Swaraj Vishesh Panchayat Puraskar | For 3 GPs for their performance regarding adoption and usage of renewable sources of energy | First: 1.00 Second: 0.75 Third: 0.50 | 3 Best GPs = Rs.2.25 crore |
| 4 | Carbon Neutral Vishesh Panchayat Puraskar | For 3 GPs towards achieving Net-Zero carbon emissions | First: 1.00 Second: 0.75 Third: 0.50 | 3 Best GPs = Rs.2.25 crore |
| 5 | Panchayat Kshamta Nirmaan Sarvottam Sansthan Puraskar | For 3 Institutions who has provided institutional support to GPs in achieving LSDGs | First: 1.00 Second: 0.75 Third: 0.50 | 3 Best Institutions = Rs.2.25 crore |
| 6 | Nanaji Deshmukh | One GP which qualifies and gets | No financial incentive ; | |

| | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|----------------|
| | Sarvottam Panchayat Satat Vikas Puraskar | shortlisted for National Panchayat Awards during the subsequent years | only certificate of appreciation | |
| 7 | Best Participant (State/District) | State/UT with highest percentage of participation from GPs (>90%) | No financial incentive; only certificate of appreciation | |
| | Total | | | Rs.46.00 crore |

Structure of competition of National Panchayat Awards and Modifications for the year 2024

| Sl. No. | Title | Previous process | Modification |
|---------|--|---|--|
| 1 | Basis of Questionnaire | 9 LSDG theme wise Questionnaires | 9 thematic Questionnaires now will be based on PDI data points |
| 2 | Data entry / Response to Questionnaires | Manual entry of responses by Panchayats for questionnaires on Awards Portal | 1. Information on 207 PDI data points will be auto ported from PDI portal to Awards portal 2. Information for 9 new data points not available in PDI portal are to be entered in awards portal manually |
| 3 | GPs verification at Block level | Data of 3 top ranking GPs was verified by Block level Committees | 1. Data of all GPs will be verified by Block level Committees. (Although verified PDI data will be auto ported, but NPA 2024 has 9 new OSR related data points to be entered manually on awards portal which would need verification). |
| 4 | GPs verification at District level | Data of 3 top ranking GPs was verified by Block level Committees | No change / Same process |
| 5 | GPs verification at State level | Data of 3 top ranking GPs was verified by District level Committees | No change / Same process |
| 6 | No. of nominations to Ministry by States | 3 GPs in each theme were nominated to Ministry by State along with video and best practices | Only one GP in each theme will be nominated to Ministry by State along with video and best practices |
| 7 | Award ceremony | On 24th April | Postponed due to General elections to the Lok Sabha 2024 |
| 8 | Award money transfer | On 24th April | Postponed due to General elections to the Lok Sabha 2024 |

Pre-Launching Action by Ministry of Panchayati Raj

Auto-porting of information on NPA 2024 related PDI data points from PDI portal to Awards portal

Timeline: 15th June, 2024 to 30th June, 2024

| Sl. No. | Award theme | NPA 2024 Questions framed using PDI data points | Unique PDI data points | Using data points (Auto ported) | Requiring manual entry on PDI portal | New data entry at GP (OSR) | Unique data PDI editable at Block level |
|---------|---|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1 | Poverty Free and enhanced livelihoods Panchayat | 15 | 23 | 13 | 10 | 01 | 11 |
| 2 | Healthy Panchayat | 15 | 21 | 07 | 14 | 01 | 06 |
| 3 | Child-Friendly Panchayat | 23 | 29 | 28 | 01 | 01 | 00 |
| 4 | Water Sufficient Panchayat | 13 | 22 | 09 | 13 | 01 | 05 |
| 5 | Clean and Green Panchayat | 12 | 16 | 11 | 05 | 01 | 06 |
| 6 | Self-sufficient infrastructure in Panchayat | 20 | 23 | 20 | 03 | 01 | 06 |
| 7 | Socially Just & Socially secured Panchayat | 13 | 23 | 13 | 10 | 01 | 13 |
| 8 | Panchayat with Good Governance | 19 | 26 | 24 | 02 | 00 | 18 |
| 9 | Women Friendly Panchayat | 13 | 24 | 21 | 03 | 02 | 05 |
| | Total | 143 | 207 | 146 | 61 | 09 | 70 |

- 143 NPA 2024 Questions framed
- 207 PDI data points used (146 auto ported / 61 manual entry based)
- 9 new OSR related data points not in PDI but mandatory to be filled in awards portal when made live

New data points relating to OSR of GPs

| Sl. No. | Award theme | New data points relating to Own Source Revenue (OSR) of GPs not available in PDI but mandatory to be entered manually NPA portal | New Data Points relating to OSR for NPA 2024 |
|---------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Poverty Free and enhanced livelihoods Panchayat | 1 | Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Poverty free & Enhanced Livelihoods Panchayat' theme related activities |
| 2 | Healthy Panchayat | 1 | Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Healthy Panchayat' theme related activities |
| 3 | Child-Friendly Panchayat | 1 | Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Child-Friendly Panchayat' theme related activities |
| 4 | Water Sufficient Panchayat | 1 | Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Water Sufficient Panchayat' theme related activities |
| 5 | Clean and Green Panchayat | 1 | Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Clean and Green Panchayat' theme related activities |
| 6 | Self-sufficient infrastructure in Panchayat | 1 | Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Self-Sufficient Infrastructure in Panchayat' theme related activities |
| 7 | Socially Just & Socially secured Panchayat | 1 | Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Socially Just and Socially Secured Panchayat' theme related activities |
| 8 | Panchayat with Good Governance | 0 | (PDI data points relating to OSR already available) |
| 9 | Women Friendly Panchayat | 2 | 1. Total Own Source Revenue (OSR) spent by the GP for implementing 'Women -Friendly Panchayat' theme related activities 2. Total GP expenditure made by GP in women welfare activities |
| | Total | 9 | |

Key Parameters in Questionnaires

| | Theme | Total no. of questions | Some of the Key Parameters |
|---|---|------------------------|--|
| 1 | Poverty Free and enhanced livelihoods Panchayat | 15 | SHGs accessed bank Loans, households living in Kutcha houses, households benefited under MGNREGS, households got benefit from PMAY/ any State Specific Housing Scheme, OSR spent on thematic activities |
| 2 | Healthy Panchayat | 15 | Child and maternal deaths recorded, pregnant and lactating mothers in the GP were registered under ICDS, live birth recorded, institutional deliveries recorded |
| 3 | Child-Friendly Panchayat | 23 | Transition and drop out rate of students, availabilities of facilities (computer, drinking water, library) in schools |
| 4 | Water Sufficient Panchayat | 13 | Availability of water in public instituions, rainwater harvesting structures in GP, households with Functional Household Tap Water Connections |
| 5 | Clean and Green Panchayat | 12 | segregation of dry and wet waste, households in the GP are using clean cooking fuel , street lights and pump sets using renewable energy |
| 6 | Self-sufficient infrastructure in Panchayat | 20 | Availabilities of infrastructural facilities in schools (library, computer, drinking water), CSC, PHC, CHC, GP Bhawan |
| 7 | Socially Just & Socially secured Panchayat | 13 | households having Antyodaya card and PHH ration Cards, children and pregnant/lactating mother registered under ICDS, eligible persons covered under Social Security Pension Scheme |
| 8 | Panchayat with Good Governance | 19 | CSC in panchayat Bhawan, availability og computer and internet in GP bhawan, closure of account books and its disclosure in portal, discussions on plan and fund utilization in Gram Sabhas, geotagging of assests |
| 9 | Women Friendly Panchayat | 13 | Enrollment ratio and transition rate of girl children in schools, maternal deaths recorded, SHGs accessed bank loans |
| | Total | 143 | |

Action for : Gram Panchayat

Actionable point: Filling of manual entry based Data Points (Questions) on NPA 2024 portal

| Step no. | Activity | Description |
|----------|---|--|
| 1 | Login to National Panchayat Awards (NPA) portal | Login to National Panchayat Awards (NPA) 2024 portal (www.panchayataaward.gov.in) through login credentials provided by Central NIC-MoPR team |
| 2 | Locate the tab on awards portal for Questionnaires | |
| 3 | View and fill the manual entry based data points | <ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ Manual entry based data points for GPs will be visible in each Questionnaire.➤ Data on all other questions / data points will be pre-filled / auto-ported from Panchayat Development Index (PDI) portal and not editable➤ GPs may seek technical support from GP Secretary/Block Development Officer or any Common Service Centre staff. |
| 4 | Marking for Questionnaires | Marks will be auto-generated as per the pre-defined marking scheme for awards. This will not be visible to GP. |
| 5 | Freezing / Final Submission of Questionnaire | After manual entry, GPs to submit the Questionnaire. |

MoPR NIC-Awards team will give demo of the process on awards portal (www.panchayataaward.gov.in)

Block Level Selection of GPs

Timeline: 11th July – 31st July, 2024

All GPs auto-ranked as per scores/marks obtained for Questionnaires under each theme will be visible to **Block Panchayat Performance Assessment Committee (BPPAC)**

Composition of BPPAC:

- Chairperson: Block Development Officer
- Members: Nodal and Line Department functionaries
- Member Convener from D/o Panchayati Raj

Minimum Qualifying Marks for GPs : 50%

- BPPAC will **assess** the responses of all GPs under each theme
- Out of these GPs, BPPAC will **field verify** responses on all questions of **top 3 ranking GPs** in prescribed format
- **Recommendation** of top-3 ranking GPs (Block Level Awardees) for District level competition under each theme in prescribed format

Composition of BPPAC

| Theme/ Thematic Committee | Central Govt. Nodal Ministry/ Department for the concerned thematic award | Central Govt. Line Ministries/Departme nts for the concerned thematic award | Chairpers on | Members |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Poverty Free and enhanced livelihoods Panchayat | D/o Rural Development | D/o Panchayati Raj D/o Agriculture and Farmers Welfare | Block Developm ent Officer | Block Level Officer handling NRLM Officer handling MGNREGS Panchayat Level Extension Officer/Equivalent Officer as Member Convenor |
| Healthy Panchayat | D/o Health & Family Welfare | D/o Ayush/Ayurveda D/o Panchayati Raj D/o Women & Child Development | Block Developm ent Officer | Block Medical Officer Child Development Programme Officer (CDPO) Panchayat Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |
| Child-Friendly Panchayat | D/o Women & Child Development | D/o Health & Family Welfare D/o School Education D/o Rural Development D/o Panchayati Raj | Block Developm ent Officer | CDPO Panchayat Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |
| Water Sufficient Panchayat | D/o Public Health | D/o Rural Development D/o Panchayati Raj | Block Developm ent Officer | Block level officer/Junior Engineer/Assistant Engineer Panchayat Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |
| Clean and Green Panchayat | D/o Environment, Forest & Climate Change | D/o New and Renewable Energy D/o Rural Development D/o Panchayati Raj | Block Developm ent Officer | Officer from Block handling SBM-G Panchayat Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |
| Self-sufficient | D/o Panchayati | D/o Rural | Block | Nominated Officer from NIC |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|
| infrastructure in Panchayat | Raj | Development D/o Electronics & Information Technology/NIC D/o Telecommunications | Development Officer | Panchayat Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |
| Socially Just & Socially secured Panchayat | D/o of Social Justice and Empowerment | D/o Rural Development D/o Panchayati Raj | Block Development Officer | Social Welfare Officer at Block Level Panchayat Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |
| Panchayat with Good Governance | D/o Panchayati Raj | D/o Rural Development D/o Electronics & Information Technology/NIC | Block Development Officer | Nominated member from NIC Block Level Officer from BBNL Panchayat Level Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |
| Women Friendly Panchayat | D/o Women & Child Development | D/o Health & Family Welfare D/o Rural Development D/o School Education & Literacy D/o Panchayati Raj | Block Development Officer | CDPO Block Primary Education Officer/Equivalent Block Medical Officer Panchayat Level Extension Officer/ Officer holding Equivalent position in Block as Member Convenor |

To ensure the credibility and transparency of the awards, district and block-level committees are formed to verify the data submitted by Panchayats. Here's an outline of the roles and responsibilities of these committees:

Roles and Responsibilities of BPPAC:-

- ✚ Initial Data Scrutiny
- ✚ Conduct preliminary verification of data submitted by Panchayats.
- ✚ Cross-check information with local records and reports.

Field Visits:-

- ✚ Visit Panchayats to validate the submitted data.
- ✚ Interact with local residents and stakeholders to gather independent feedback.

Reporting:-

- ✚ Compile and submit verification reports to the District Level Committee.
- ✚ Highlight discrepancies and provide recommendations.

Support and Assistance:-

- ✚ Assist Panchayats in understanding the criteria and process for the awards.
- ✚ Help Panchayats prepare and present their data effectively.

Monitoring and Follow-up:-

- ✚ Monitor the progress of Panchayats throughout the verification process.
- ✚ Follow up on any issues or discrepancies identified during verification.

These committees play a crucial role in ensuring that only deserving Panchayats are recognized, thereby promoting healthy competition and encouraging better governance at the grassroots level.

District Level Selection of GPs

Timeline: 1st Aug.-15th Aug., 2024

Top 3 ranking GPs recommended by BPPACs will be visible to District Panchayat Performance Assessment Committee (DPPAC)

District Level Committee:-

- ✚ Chaired by the District Collector or Deputy Commissioner
- ✚ Members include representatives from various departments such as Rural Development, Panchayati Raj, Health, Education, and other relevant departments.
- ✚ Inclusion of a technical expert for data verification.

DPPAC will **field verify** responses on all questions of **top 3 ranking GPs** recommended by BPPACs and submit field visit report in prescribed format

DPPAC will **recommend top 3 ranking GPs** under each theme to State/UT in prescribed format

Roles and Responsibilities:-

Verification of Data:

- ✚ Ensure the accuracy and authenticity of the data submitted by the Panchayats.
- ✚ Conduct field visits to verify the claims made by the Panchayats.

Review and Assessment:-

- ✚ Review the performance of Panchayats based on various parameters.
- ✚ Assess the impact of initiatives and programs implemented by the Panchayats.

Coordination:-

- ✚ Coordinate with Block Level Committees for smooth verification processes.
- ✚ Facilitate communication between different stakeholders.

Documentation:-

- ✚ Maintain detailed records of the verification process.
- ✚ Document the findings and submit reports to the State Level Committee.

Composition of DPPAC

State/UT Level Selection of GPs

Timeline:16th Aug.-31st Aug., 2024

- Top 3 ranking GPs recommended by DPPACs will be visible to State/UT Panchayat Performance Assessment Committee (SPPAC/UPPAC)

Composition of SPPAC/UPPAC:

- Chairperson: Principal Secretary/Secretary (D/o Panchayati Raj)
- Members: Nodal and Line Department Officials
- Member Convener from D/o Panchayati Raj

SPPAC/UPPAC will field verify responses on all questions of top 3 ranking GPs recommended by DPPACs and submit field visit report in prescribed format

SPPAC/UPPAC will recommend **only one ranking GPs** under each theme for national level competition in prescribed format alongwith Video Film and Best Practice of the recommended GP

Best Practice Write up format

| Sl.No. | Topics to be covered | Words limit |
|--------|--|-------------|
| 1 | Profile of the Gram Panchayat | 90 |
| 2 | Theme/Category under which the Panchayat has been nominated to Ministry | 10 |
| 3 | Key achievements of the Panchayat under the awarded theme/category (In 5-6 bullet points with supporting figures/data) | 100 |
| 4 | Challenges faced by the Panchayat for interventions taken under the awarded theme/category | 100 |
| 5 | Approach taken by the Panchayat to overcome the challenges in the awarded theme | 100 |

| | | |
|----------|---|------------|
| 6 | Support received by the Panchayat from key stakeholders (Central/state governments, organizations etc.) | 100 |
| 7 | Roadmap for sustainability of thematic achievements | 100 |
| | | Total: 600 |

Note: Please ensure inclusion of relevant images in the best practices. The quality and content will be scrutinized for finalization of awards.

Video film format

| | Particular/ Item of the video | Criteria | Duration |
|---|---------------------------------|--|------------|
| 1 | Content and suggestive duration | Profile of the Gram Panchayat | 15 Seconds |
| | | Theme/Category under which the Panchayat has been nominated to Ministry | 5Seconds |
| | | Key achievements of the Panchayat under the awarded theme/category (In 5-6 bullet points with supporting figures/data) | 20 Seconds |
| | | Approach taken by the Panchayat to overcome the challenges in the awarded theme | 30 Seconds |
| | | Support received by the Panchayat from key stakeholders (Central/state governments, organizations etc.) | 10 Seconds |
| | | . Roadmap for sustainability of thematic achievements | 20 Seconds |
| 2 | Voice over | In a professional manner as per suggestive storyline as stated above. (If submitted in regional language, then subtitles to be given in English/Hindi) (Voice over to be in background and actual work done / performance of Panchayat should be depicted in video and not just a plain speech by a Sarpanch or officer). | |
| 3 | Quality standards | (Video): Full HD/HD/4K format/ Social media platform supported format (Audio): Include background music with thematic and local culture essence | |
| 4 | Use of Logos | (1) Concerned award theme (2) Localization of Sustainable Development Goals (LSDGs) | |

Scrutiny of nominations by National Panchayat Performance Assessment Committees

Timeline:1st Sept. - 15th Sept. 2024

- Chairperson: Additional Secretary/Joint Secretary (Nodal Ministry)
- Members: Nodal and Line Department Officials
- Member Convener from MoPR
- **Finalization of awardees by National Screening Committee of MoPR**

Timeline:15th Sept. - 30th Sept., 2024

National Screening Committee (NSC)

- **Chairperson: Additional Secretary**
- **Members: Divisional Heads**
- **Director IFD**
- **Deputy Secretary/Director (IoP)**
- **Under Secretary, Member Convener, (IoP)**

Timeline:October, 2024

Declaration of awards after approval and award ceremony

Few steps are follows for better performance in National Panchayat Awarded:-

Step one: Proper planning MVMD GPDP & execution according to this. Planning based on LSDGs especially on Child friendly, Woman friendly and Poverty free & enhances livelihood generation.

Step Two:- Different types of awareness generation program to be taken and also execution in different methods like Seminar, Workshop, Wall writing, Poster Banner, leaflet, Road show, Puffed show, Pathanatika etc.

Step Three:- Few groups formation specially on Women & Children and their capacity building through training for their own development in different aspects like Health, Education & Social Justice.

Step Four: All documents like audio, vedio clips, picture, poster, banner reletade activities have been done during this year.

List of several indicators which have been effect on PDI & NPA portal. So,Panchayati Raj Institution will be planning, execution & monitoring these indicators.

Child Friendly Village (LSDG-3)

1. Percentage of Children whose birth has been registered
2. Number of persons (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)
3. Percentage of maternal death to live birth
4. Percentage of institutional delivery
5. Under-five mortality rate of child per 1,000 live births
6. Neonatal (age 28 days or below) child mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)
7. Percentage of children (0-3 years) registered under ICDS out of total eligible children (0-3 years)
8. Percentage of children (3-6 years) registered under ICDS out of total eligible children (3-6 years)
9. Percentage of Pregnant and Lactating mothers registered under ICDS out of total eligible Pregnant and Lactating mothers
10. Percentage of eligible children getting served under ICDS
11. Percentage of children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated with BCG, measles and three doses each of polio and DPT or Penta vaccine (excluding polio vaccine given at birth)
12. Percentage of children (0-3 years) with disabilities receiving Early Childhood
13. Percentage of children aged less than 5 years who are underweight
14. Percentage of children under age 5 years who are wasted (height per weight)
15. Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted (height per weight)
16. Percentage of Children age 6-59 months who are anemic (<11.0g/dl)
17. Percentage of Children age (5-14 years) who are anemic
18. Percentage of Adolescent (15-19) Girls who are anaemic

DEVELOPMENT

19. Percentage of children between ages 3-6 years receiving some form of formal pre-school education or early childhood care in AWC
20. Transition Rate (Primary) percentage calculation
21. Transition Rate (Upper Primary)
22. Transition Rate (Secondary)
23. Transition Rate (Higher Secondary)
24. Drop-out rate (Primary)
25. Drop-out rate (Upper Primary)
26. Drop-out rate (Secondary)
27. Percentage of children (14-18 years) who are neither in school / training
28. Percentage of out of school children in GP out of total number of child in the reference age group
29. Ratio of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education up to 18 years
30. Ratio of male-female enrolled in Primary
31. Ratio of male-female enrolled in Upper Primary
32. Ratio of male-female enrolled in Secondary
33. Ratio of male-female enrolled in Higher Secondary
34. Percentage of children with disabilities enrolled in schools / special schools
35. Whether the Anganwadi has Own building
36. Whether the Anganwadi has Adequate and Safe drinking water
37. Whether the Anganwadi has Colorful Wall Painting
38. Whether the Anganwadi has Child Friendly Toilets
39. Whether the Anganwadi has Open space for outdoor activities
40. Whether the Anganwadi has First Aid Box & Medicine Kit
41. Whether the Anganwadi has Weighing Machine

42. Whether the Anganwadi has Community Growth Chart and MCP Card
43. Whether the Anganwadi has Computer for Children
44. Whether the Anganwadi has RAMPS for Physically challenged children/persons
45. Whether the Anganwadi has regular supply of SNP and gas connection
46. Whether the Anganwadi has Electricity
47. Whether the Anganwadi has Nutrition Garden
48. Whether the Primary school has the access to Own Building
49. Whether the Primary school has Boundary wall/fencing & gate
50. Whether the Primary school has the access to Adequate Manpower
51. Whether the Primary school has the access to Electricity
52. Whether the Primary school has the access to Library
53. Whether the Primary school has the access to Computer Lab with internet facility
54. Whether the Primary school has the access to Furniture
55. Whether the Primary school has the access to Drinking water Facilities
56. Whether the Primary school has the access to Separate Child Friendly toilets for girls and boys
57. Whether the Primary school has the access to RAMPS for Physically challenged persons
58. Whether the Primary school has the access to Play ground
59. Whether the Primary school has the access to Hygienic Kitchen
60. Whether the Primary school has the access to Kitchen Garden
61. Whether the GP has playground accessible to all children
62. Whether the GP has well-equipped Library–Cum Information Centre
63. Whether the GP has child friendly park with required facilities

CHILD PROTECTION

64. Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years)/1000
65. Whether the GP has a functional Village Level Child Protection Committee (VLCPC)

66. Percentage of Crime Committed against Children during the
67. Number of missing children
68. Percentage of trafficked/missing girl children (against all trafficked children)
69. Number of POCSO offences
70. Percentage of offences reported under POCSO
71. Number of sexual crime against girl children to total crime against children
72. Number of Child Marriage reported
73. Whether the GP has taken any action to prevent child marriage
74. Whether the GP has taken any initiative on preventing crimes against children?
75. Whether the GP has made list of Vulnerable children (Ultra Poor, differently abled, SC/ST, Migrants, etc
76. Whether Resolution of the Bal Sabha is discussed in Gram Sabha and incorporated in GPDP
78. Whether the GP involves children/Adolescents in preparation and implementation of GPDP
79. Whether the VLCPC has at least 2 children (adolescent) as member
80. Whether the issues related to children are discussed in the Gram Sabha
81. Percentage of child centric issues on which action has been taken (Action taken - against issues discussed
82. Percentage of public schools, markets, public institutions and public places where separate and functional child friendly toilets are available
83. Percentage of public schools where separate and functional toilets are available for girls
84. Percentage of schools, Anganwadi, and community toilets having water facility & soap for hand washing
85. Percentage of budget earmarked for activities that directly benefit children

List of several indicators which have been effect on PDI & NPA portal. So,Panchayati Raj Institution will be planning, execution & monitoring these indicators.

Women Friendly Village (LSDG-9)

- 1)Number of girls born to boys born every year per 1000
- 2) Proportion of girls to boys (0—6 years)
- 3) Rate of all Crime Against Women per 1000
- 4) Proportion of crimes against women to total crime

Reproductive and Sexual health care to women

- 5) Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods
- 6) Proportion of women (aged 30-49) screened under the NCD programme for cervical / breast cancer
- 7) Percentage of girl children aged under 5 years who are underweight
- 8) Percentage of girl children under age 5 years who are wasted height per weight
- 9) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers who are anemic
- 10) Percentage of girl children under 5 years who are anaemic (<10g/dl)

Social protection for women

- 11) Percentage of women headed households under Ayushman Bharat/Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana or any State Govt Health scheme/health
- 12) Percentage of women population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana
- 13) Percentage of Women covered under all Social Protection schemes to the total number of eligible women
- 14) Proportion of Women Headed Households having PHH & AAY
- 15) Proportion of Women Headed Households having AAY Cards
- 16) Percentage of Women Headed Households living in kutcha houses

17) Percentage of beneficiaries – women headed households covered under PDS system

ICDS for Girl Children

18) Percentage of girl children (0-3 years) registered under ICDS out of total eligible children (0-3 years)

19) Percentage of girl children (3-6 years) registered under ICDS out of total eligible children (3-6 years)

20) Percentage of Pregnant and lactating mothers registered under ICDS out of total eligible Pregnant and lactating mothers

Reduce MMR

21) Percentage of maternal death to live birth

22) Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel or institutional delivery (Period 1 year)

Preventable Deaths of Newborns & Under-5 Girls

23) Under-five mortality rate of girl children per 1,000 live births

24) Neonatal girl (below 28days) mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)

25) Ratio of girls/women in the age group 15-24 not in education employment or training to Boys/Men

26) Percentage of Girls/women (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training to total girls

27) Percentage of women engaged in income generation activities (agri, industries, allied sectors etc.)

Girls' Education

28) Girls Transition Rate – Primary

29) Girls Transition Rate – Upper Primary

30) Girls Transition Rate – Secondary

31) Girls Transition Rate – Higher Secondary

Girls' ECD and Pre-Primary Education

32) Percentage of girl children between ages 3-6 receiving some form of formal pre-school education or early childhood care in AWC

Gender Disparity in Education

33) Ratio of male-female enrolled Primary

34) Ratio of male-female enrolled Secondary

- 35) Ratio of male-female enrolled Higher Secondary
- 36) Percentage of poor women in SHGs as under PHH & AAY category
- 37) Percentage of poor women in SHGs as under AAY category
- 38) Percentage of SHGs accessed bank Loans

Women's Income

- 39) Percentage of women (aged 16-60) received Government benefits in last 5 years for enhancing income (Including SHG, Skill Training, FPOs cow, goat)
- 40) Number of accounts of women (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks as percentage of total population
- 41) Number of women elected to GP and Members of Statutory committees to total Number of seats and Members of Statutory Committees
- 42) Percentage of women in leadership position in FPOs etc.
- 43) Number of Mahila Sabha conducted in the GP
- 44) Percentage of Women Participation in Gram Sabha
- 45) Are women involved in the preparation of DRR and Disaster Management Plan?
- 46) Awareness regarding Helpline

Access to Economic, Natural Resources and Financial Services

- 47) Operational land holdings held by women

Safety of women

- 48) Rate of Domestic Violence against Women per 1000 women

Prevent Girl Child Marriage

- 49) Number of child marriages prevented/reported

Institutional assistance to Senior Citizen Women

- 50) Percentage of needy women senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Senior Citizen Homes/Day Care Centers funded by the Government/managed by the Panchayat

Gender Sensitive Budgeting

- 51) Whether the GP is preparing Gender Responsive Budget

